



1

WHAT ARE SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL “EARLY ADOPTER SCHOOLS”?

Senior High School “Early Adopter Schools” are those schools that have been authorized by DepEd to open Grades 11 and 12 in their schools prior to the full nationwide implementation in SY 2016-2017. In line with DepEd Order No. 42, Series of 2015 these schools are:

- Private schools that submitted a K to 12 transition plan (See DO 42, Enclosure 1 for full list.),
- Public and private schools that took part in the Senior High School Modeling Program in SY 2012-2013 and SY 2013-2014 (See DO 42, Enclosure 2 for full list.), and
- Public and private schools which did early implementation of Senior High School in SY 2014-2015 (See DO 42, Enclosure 3 for full list.).

2

WHO ISSUES PERMITS TO OPERATE SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL?

The Department of Education (DepEd) is the only agency that issues permits to operate Senior High School. This is in line with Section 15 of the Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) of the Enhanced Basic Education Act of 2013 (Republic Act 10533) which states: “The DepEd shall regulate the offering of senior high school in private educational institutions. Private educational institutions may only offer senior high school when so authorized by the DepEd. The DepEd shall prescribe the guidelines on the issuance and/or revocation of permits and/or recognition of senior high schools.”

3

WHAT HAPPENS TO THOSE WHO ARE CURRENTLY ENROLLED IN COLLEGE AND WILL NOT GRADUATE BEFORE 2018?

Those who are currently enrolled in college will not be affected by the changes, regardless of whether they graduate before 2018 or after. They will not be required to undergo Senior High School either.

Example A: Amy is currently (SY 2016-2017) in her second year of architecture in college, and expects to graduate in 2020. She will not at all be affected by the changes in curriculum or admission requirements, and can continue and complete her studies as usual.

4

DOES THIS MEAN THAT STUDENTS WHO ENROLL OR RETURN TO COLLEGE DURING THIS TWO-YEAR PERIOD (SY 2016-2017 AND 2017-2018) NEED TO FINISH THEIR STUDIES BEFORE 2018?

No. They may complete their studies beyond 2018 for as long as they return to or enroll in college during the two-year period.

Example B.1: In 2007, Bryan dropped out after completing two years of civil engineering. He now wants to return to college as a third year student in SY 2016-2017, expecting to graduate in 2019. He may do so and continue and complete his studies within the normal timeframe.

Example C: On the other hand, Carlo will graduate from Grade 12 from an Early Adopter School in 2017. He will enter college as a freshman in SY 2017-2018. Like Bryan, he can complete his studies within the normal timeframe. Carlo may even take an advanced placement exam at his college for subjects he already took in senior high.



5

WILL STUDENTS BE REQUIRED TO TAKE SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL BEFORE ENTERING COLLEGE?

The Senior High School requirement only applies to students who enter or return to college from SY 2018-2019 onwards. This is also the first year when the revised General Education Curriculum (GEC) will be implemented, and will be in line with the K12 curriculum, without duplication and replication of courses.

6

HOW ABOUT THOSE STUDENTS WHO PREVIOUSLY DROPPED OUT OF COLLEGE AND DECIDE TO RETURN IN SY 2018-2019?

All students who enter or return to college from SY 2018-2019 onwards will be required to have graduated from Senior High School. If you have previously taken college courses, the college or university you enroll in may credit them, consistent with the systems and policies of individual schools in terms of crediting.

Example B.2: Like we saw earlier, Bryan dropped out of college in 2007, after completing two years of civil engineering. He is thinking of returning to college in SY 2018-2019. However, by then, there will be a new curriculum in place, and all students will be required to have graduated from Senior High School. Bryan's school may credit the subjects he had already taken before, or may require him entirely to take Senior High School. The very best decision for Bryan would be to return to college instead in SY 2016-2017 or 2017-2018, before Senior High School becomes a requirement for college admission.

7

WHAT IS THE MECHANISM FOR ADVANCED PLACEMENT?

Each college or university will have a different advanced placement mechanism depending on their own internal policies. Please direct your inquiry to your prospective schools for more information.

8

SHOULD THOSE WHO COMPLETE GRADE 10 IN 2016 CONTINUE TO GRADE 11 OR WILL THEY BE ALLOWED TO ENTER COLLEGE?

As the Memorandum states, ONLY those who (1) graduated from Grade 12 of Senior High School Early Adopter Schools, or (2) have graduated from high school under the old curriculum before 2016, or (3) have previously begun college but dropped out, can apply for college for SY 2016-2017, and 2017-2018. All students who complete Grade 10 in SY 2015-2016 will be required to enter Grade 11 in SY 2016-2017, and then Grade 12 the year after. They will be admitted as college freshmen starting SY 2018-2019.



1

ANO ANG IBIG SABIHIN NG EARLY ADOPTER SENIOR HIGH SCHOOLS?

Ang mga tinatawag na “Early Adopter Schools” ay ang mga paaralang binigyan ng permit ng DepEd na tumanggap ng mga mag-aaral sa Grade 11 at Grade 12 bago ang malawakang pagpapatupad ng Senior High School sa buong bansa sa Akademikong Taong 2016-2017. Sang-ayon sa DepEd Order No. 42, Series of 2015, ang mga ito ay ang mga:

- Pribadong paaralang nag-sumite ng K to 12 transition plan (DO 42, Enclosure 1),
- Pribado at pampublikong paaralang nakibahagi sa Senior High School Modeling Program noong Akademikong Taong 2012-2013 at 2013-2014 (DO 42, Enclosure 2), at
- Pribado at pampublikong paaralang nagsagawa ng early implementation ng Senior High School sa Akademikong Taong 2014-2015 (DO 42, Enclosure 3).

2

SINO ANG KINAUKULANG NAGBIBIGAY NG PERMIT PARA MAGBUKAS NG SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL?

Tanging DepEd lang ang maaaring magbigay ng permit para maisagawa ang Senior High School. Ito ay alinsunod sa Section 15 ng Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) ng Enhanced Basic Education Act of 2013 (Republic Act 10533), na nagsasaad ng: “The DepEd shall regulate the offering of senior high school in private educational institutions. Private educational institutions may only offer senior high school when so authorized by the DepEd. The DepEd shall prescribe the guidelines on the issuance and/or revocation of permits and/or recognition of senior high schools.”

3

PAANO MAAPEKTUHAN ANG MGA MAG-AARAL NA KASALUKUYANG NAKA-ENROLL SA KOLEHIYO AT HINDI MAKAKAPAG-TAPOS BAGO ANG TAONG 2018?

Hindi sila maapektuhan ng kahit anong pagbabago sa kurikulum o ng requirement na makapag-tapos ng senior high school ang mga kasalukuyang nasa kolehiyo, magtapos man sila sa taong 2018 o hindi.

Halimbawa A: Si Amy ay kasalukuyang (SY 2016-2017) nasa second year ng Architecture sa kolehiyo, at nakatakdang magtapos sa 2020. Hindi siya maapektuhan ng anumang pagbabago, at maari siyang magpatuloy at makapag-tapos sa karaniwang bilang ng taon sa kanyang napiling kurso.

4

KAILANGAN BANG MAGTAPOS NG KOLEHIYO BAGO MAG-2018 ANG MGA MAG-AARAL NA PAPASOK O MAGBABALIK SA KOLEHIYO SA SY 2016-2017 O SY 2017-2018?

Hindi. Maaari nilang tapusin ang pag-aaral sa loob ng karaniwang bilang ng taon sa napiling kurso.

Halimbawa B.1: Nakapag-aral ng dalawang taon ng Civil Engineering si Bryan bago tumigil sa pag-aaral noong 2007. Balak niyang bumalik sa third year sa kolehiyo ngayong SY 2016-2017, para makapag-tapos sa 2019. Walang problema, at maaaring magpatuloy at makapag-tapos si Bryan sa angkop na panahon.

Halimbawa C: Magtatapos ng Grade 12 sa taong 2017 si Carlo mula sa isang Early Adopter Senior High School. Papasok siya sa first year ng kolehiyo ngayong akademikong taong 2017-2018. Gaya ni Bryan, maaaring magtapos si Carlo sa angkop na panahon sa kursong napili niya. Maaari din siyang mag-apply sa advanced placement assessment sa napiling kolehiyo para sa mga subject na nakuha na niya sa Senior High School.



5

KAKAILANGANIN BA NG MGA MAG-AARAL NA MAGTAPOS NG SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL BAGO PUMASOK SA KOLEHIYO?

Ang requirement na makapag-tapos ng Senior High School bago makapasok sa kolehiyo ay para lamang sa mga magsisimula o magbabalik sa kolehiyo mula SY 2018-2019. Dito rin magsisimulang ipatupad ang bagong General Education Curriculum (CMO No. 20, Series of 2013) na nakaayon sa bagong curriculum ng K12, kung saan maiiwasan ang tinatawag na duplication ng mga asignatura.

6

PAANO MAAPEKTUHAN NG MGA DATI NANG TUMIGIL SA PAG-AARAL NG KOLEHIYO AT NAGPASIYANG MAGPATULOY SA SY 2018-2019?

Lahat ng mga mag-aaral na magsisimula o magbabalik sa kolehiyo mula SY 2018-2019 ay kinakailangang nakapag-tapos ng Senior High School. Kung nakapag-aral na ng kolehiyo ang iba bago maipatupad ang mga pagbabago sa kurikulum, maaaring bigyan ng credits ng kolehiyo o unibersidad ang mga subjects na dati nang nakuha. Ngunit, hindi maaaring magbigay ng kasiguruhan ang CHED na mangyayari ito, dahil naayon ito sa kanya-kanyang patakaran ng bawat kolehiyo o unibersidad.

Halimbawa B.2: Balikan natin ang halimbawa ni Bryan. Tumigil siya sa pag-aaral noong 2007 pagkatapos ng dalawang taon sa kursong Civil Engineering. Balak niyang bumalik sa kolehiyo at ipagpatuloy ang pag-aaral sa SY 2018-2019. Dapat isaalang-alang na ipapatupad na ang bagong kurikulum sa kolehiyo pagdating ng 2018, at lahat ng mag-aaral na papasok sa kolehiyo mula sa taong ito ay nakapag-tapos na ng Senior High School. Maaaring pahintulutan si Bryan ng kolehiyo na ipagpatuloy ang pag-aaral sa pamamagitan ng pagbibigay ng credits sa mga subject na kinuha na niya noon, o di kaya nama'y maaari siyang pabalikin sa Senior High School. Mas makabubuti para kay Bryan kung piliin niyang bumalik sa pag-aaral sa SY 2016-2017 o 2017-2018, kung saan hindi pa kailangan ang Senior High School para matanggap sa kolehiyo.

7

ANO ANG PROSESO NG ADVANCED PLACEMENT ASSESSMENT/EXAM?

May sari-sariling proseso at patakaran ang bawat kolehiyo o unibersidad pagdating sa advanced placement assessment/exam. Mas makabubuting magtanong sa kolehiyo kung saan nais mag-aral upang malaman ang angkop na impormasyon ayon sa kaukulang patakaran.

8

KAILANGAN BANG MAGPATULOY SA GRADE 11 NG MGA MAG-AARAL NA MATATAPOS SA GRADE 10 NGAYONG 2016, O MAAARI NA BA SILANG MAGPATULOY SA KOLEHIYO?

Gaya ng nasasaad sa Memorandum, ang tanging maaaring mag-enroll sa kolehiyo sa mga Akademikong Taong 2016-2017 at 2017-2018 ay ang mga mag-aaral na: (1) Nakapag-tapos ng Grade 12 mula sa Early Adopter Schools, (2) Nakapag-tapos ng high school sa lumang kurikulum bago mag-2016, (3) Nagsimulang mag-aral ng kolehiyo ngunit tumigil at hindi nakatapos. Ang mga mag-aaral na natapos sa Grade 10 sa taong 2016 ay kinakailangang magpatuloy sa Grade 11 sa SY 2016-2017, at Grade 12 sa susunod na taon. Sila ang tatanggapin bilang first year sa kolehiyo sa Akademikong Taong 2018-2019.